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Public Health Reports

Treasury Department, United States Marine-Hospital Service. Published in accordance with act of Congress approved February 15, 1893.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 6, 1897.

No. 32.

UNITED STATES.

[Reports to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Yellow fever on the American schooner Anna M. Stammer.

TORTUGAS, KEY WEST, FLA., *July 28, 1897.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that the 2 cases removed from the schooner *Anna M. Stammer* (reported in my letter of the 20th instant) proved to be yellow fever. One is convalescent and the other is suffering from a relapse. No more cases have occurred on the *Stammer*. The vessel is still in the harbor. The patient from the schooner *B. Frank Neally* is still in hospital and is having a tardy convalescence.

Respectfully, yours,

L. L. WILLIAMS,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Measures to prevent the entrance of infectious disease into Florida.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
STATE BOARD OF HEALTH OF FLORIDA,
Jacksonville Fla., July 27, 1897.

SIR: I have the honor to inclose you copies of a notice (in English and Spanish) which has been thoroughly distributed among the fishing and other smacks plying the waters of the west coast. The same is self-explanatory and requires no further elucidation.

Very truly, yours,

JOSEPH Y. PORTER,
State Health Officer.

[Inclosure.]

NOTICE TO SPONGERS AND OTHERS.

The State and United States quarantine laws prohibit any communication whatsoever with Spanish smacks and smackmen, anywhere on the coast of Florida. You are hereby warned that if detected or suspected of clandestine intercourse or communication with Spanish smacks or smackmen, the papers of the sponge vessels so violating the law will be seized, and the vessel, with crew, sent to the Tampa Bay quarantine station for disinfection, and they will be further prosecuted to the extent of the law.

JOSEPH Y. PORTER,
State Health Officer, Florida.